



Code of Conduct Policy  
Staff, Directors, Councillors  
& Volunteers

May 2022

## Introduction

- 1.1 This Code of Conduct ('the Code') sets out the professional standards expected and the duty upon staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers to abide by it. All staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers have a duty to keep pupils safe, promote their welfare and to protect them from sexual, physical and emotional harm. This duty is, in part, exercised through the development of respectful, caring and professional relationships between adults and pupils and behaviour by adults that demonstrate integrity, maturity and good judgement. Following this Code will help to safeguard staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers from being maliciously, falsely or mistakenly suspected or accused of misconduct in relation to pupils and the Required Professional Standards.
- 1.2 Staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers must feel able to raise issues of concern and everyone must fully recognise the duty to do so, particularly in terms of child protection. Adults have a duty to report any child protection or welfare concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) within the school setting. Anyone who has concerns must follow the Trust's Whistleblowing Policy, which is available in each school office, on SharePoint and on the website. A member of staff who, in good faith, "whistleblows" or makes a public interest disclosure, will have the protection of the relevant legislation.
- 1.3 This code cannot provide an exhaustive list of what is, or is not, appropriate behaviour for staff, directors, SMC representative or volunteers. However, it does highlight behaviour that is illegal, inappropriate or inadvisable in relation to the required Professional Standards. There will be occasions and circumstances in which staff, directors, SMC representatives or volunteers have to make decisions or take action in the best interests of the pupil where no specific guidance has been given. Adults are expected to make responsible and informed judgements about their own behaviour in order to secure the best interests and welfare of the pupils for which that individual is responsible.
- 1.4 Any member of staff who is found to have committed a breach of this code will be subject to disciplinary action. Such behaviour may constitute gross misconduct and, as such, may result in summary dismissal. The Board of Directors will take a strict approach to serious breaches of this code.
- 1.5 Where it is alleged that a member of staff, a director, a SMC representative or volunteer has:
  - behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child;
  - possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child; or,
  - behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates they would pose a risk of harm to children

then the Board of Directors will follow the Trust's Allegations of abuse against staff policy<sup>1</sup>, the Whistleblowing policy and the guidance set out in Part Four of [Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE](#)

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<sup>1</sup> Allegations of abuse against staff policy is available on SharePoint.

## 2 Expected Professional Standards

2.1 All staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers as appropriate to the role and/or job description of the individual, must:

- place the well-being and learning of pupils at the centre of their professional practice.
- have high expectations for all pupils, be committed to addressing underachievement, and work to help pupils progress regardless of their background and personal circumstances.
- treat pupils fairly and with respect, take their knowledge, views, opinions, and feelings seriously, and value diversity and individuality.
- model the characteristics they are trying to inspire in pupils, including enthusiasm for learning, a spirit of enquiry, honesty, tolerance, social responsibility, patience, and a genuine concern for other people.
- respond sensitively to the differences in the home backgrounds and circumstances of pupils, recognising the key role that parents and carers play in pupils' education.
- seek to work in partnership with parents and carers, respecting their views and promoting understanding and co-operation to support the young person's learning and well-being in and out of school.
- reflect on their own practice, develop their skills, knowledge and expertise, and adapt appropriately to learn with and from colleagues.
- ensure that the same professional standards are always applied regardless of the nine protected characteristics.<sup>2</sup>

2.2 Teachers are required to comply with the [Teachers' Standards](#) in particular Part 2 Personal and Professional Standards.

2.3 All staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers must be familiar with and act in accordance with [Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE](#)

## 3 Confidentiality

3.1 As a data controller, the trust is subject to the General Data Protection Regulation. In addition, teachers owe a common law duty of care to safeguard the welfare of their pupils. This duty is acknowledged in the provisions governing disclosure of information about pupils.

3.2 Members of staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers may have access to confidential information about pupils in order to undertake their responsibilities. In some circumstances, the information may be sensitive and/or confidential. Confidential or personal information about a pupil or her/his family must never be disclosed to anyone other than on a need to know basis. In circumstances where the pupil's identity does not need to be disclosed, the information should be used anonymously. Information must

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<sup>2</sup> <http://www.equalityhumanrights.com/private-and-public-sector-guidance/guidance-all/protected-characteristics>

never be used to intimidate, humiliate, or embarrass the pupil.

- 3.3 There are some circumstances in which a member of staff may be expected to share information about a pupil, for example when abuse is alleged or suspected. In such cases, individuals have a duty to pass information on without delay to those with designated pupil protection responsibilities.
- 3.4 Confidential information about pupils must be held securely. Confidential information about pupils must not be held off the school site other than on security protected school equipment. Information must only be stored for the length of time necessary to discharge the task for which it is required in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation.
- 3.5 Members of staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers may also have access to confidential information about staff or other matters relating to the school and trust in order to undertake their responsibilities which could include personal and sensitive data. Confidential information must never be disclosed to anyone other than on a need to know basis with the proper authority and must be stored securely in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation.
- 3.6 If a member of staff, director or SMC representative is in any doubt about the storage or sharing of information, they must seek guidance from a senior member of staff. Any media or legal enquiries must be passed to senior management. The trust holds and processes data protected under the General Data Protection Regulation. Members of staff, directors and SMC representatives are expected to comply with the trust's systems for collecting, storing and using data; if data is at risk of compromise or loss, or has been compromised or lost, they must report it immediately to a senior member of staff and the trust's data protection officer, in accordance with the trust's data protection policy.

#### **4 Propriety, Behaviour and Appearance**

- 4.1 All adults working with children have a responsibility to maintain public confidence in their ability to safeguard the welfare and best interests of pupils. They should adopt high standards of personal conduct in order to maintain the confidence and respect of their colleagues, pupils and the public in general. An individual's behaviour or actions, either in or out of the workplace, should not compromise their position within the work setting or bring the school into disrepute. The misuse of drugs, alcohol or acts of violence would be examples of such behaviour.
- 4.2 A person's dress and appearance are matters of personal choice and self-expression. However, staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers must ensure they are dressed in ways which are appropriate to their role and not likely to be viewed as offensive, revealing or sexually provocative and specifically should not distract, cause embarrassment or give rise to misunderstanding, should be culturally sensitive and free of any political or otherwise contentious slogans, and not considered to be discriminatory. Those who dress or appear in a manner which may be considered as inappropriate could render themselves vulnerable to criticism or allegations of misconduct.
- 4.3 Personal property of a sexually explicit nature such as books, magazines, CDs, DVDs or such material on any electronic media must not be brought onto or stored on the school premises or on any school equipment.

#### **5 Sexual Contact with Children and Young People and Abuse of Trust**

- 5.1 A relationship between an adult and a child or young person is not a relationship of equal power. There is potential for exploitation and harm of vulnerable young people. Adults should maintain appropriate professional boundaries and avoid behaviour which might be misinterpreted by others. They should report any incident with this potential.

- 5.2 Any sexual behaviour or activity, whether heterosexual or homosexual, by a member of staff, director, SMC representative or volunteer with or towards a child or young person is illegal. Children and young people are protected by the same laws as adults in relation to non-consensual sexual behaviour. They are additionally protected by specific legal provisions regardless of whether there is consent or not. Where a person aged 18 or over is in a specified position of trust with a child or young person under 18 years, the Sexual Offences Act 2003 makes it an offence for that person to engage in sexual activity with or in the presence of that child or to cause or incite that child to engage in or watch sexual activity.
- 5.3 Sexual behaviour includes non-contact activities, such as causing a child or young person to engage in, or watch, sexual activity or the production of indecent images of children. 'Working Together to Safeguard Children' defines sexual abuse as "forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening".
- 5.4 Staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers must not have sexual relationships with pupils, have any form of communication with a child or young person which could be interpreted as sexually suggestive or provocative i.e. verbal comments, letters, notes, texts, electronic mail, phone calls, social networking contact or physical contact. The adult should not make sexual remarks to, or about, a child or young person or discuss their own sexual relationships with or in the presence of pupils. Staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers should take care that their language or conduct does not give rise to comment or speculations. Attitudes, demeanour and language all require care and thought.
- 5.5 There are occasions when adults embark on a course of behaviour known as 'grooming' where the sole purpose is to gain the trust of a child or young person and manipulate that relationship so that sexual abuse can take place. Staff, directors, SMC representatives and volunteers should be aware that conferring special attention without good reason or favouring a pupil has the potential to be construed as being part of a 'grooming' process, which is a criminal offence.

## **6 Infatuations and Crushes**

- 6.1 A child or young person may develop an infatuation with an adult who works with them. A member of staff or volunteer, who becomes aware that a pupil may be infatuated with them or a colleague, must report this without delay to a senior colleague so that appropriate action can be taken to avoid any hurt, distress or embarrassment. The situation will be taken seriously, and the adult should be careful to ensure that no encouragement of any kind is given to the pupil. It should also be recognised that careless and insensitive reactions may provoke false accusations.
- 6.2 Examples of situations which must be reported are given below:
- Where a member of staff or volunteer is concerned that they might be developing a relationship with a pupil which could have the potential to represent an abuse of trust,
  - Where a member of staff or volunteer is concerned that a pupil is becoming attracted to them, that there is a developing attachment or dependency.
  - Where a member of staff or volunteer is concerned that actions or words have been misunderstood or misconstrued by a pupil such that an abuse of trust might be wrongly suspected by others.
- 7 Where a member of staff or volunteer is concerned about the apparent development of a relationship by another member of staff or volunteer, or receives information about such

a relationship.

## **8 Gifts**

- 8.1 It is against the law for public servants to take bribes. Staff, directors, councillors and volunteers need to take care that they do not accept any gift that might be construed by others as a bribe or lead the giver to expect preferential treatment. There are occasions when pupils or parents wish to pass small tokens of appreciation to staff e.g. at Christmas or as a thank-you and this is acceptable. However, it is unacceptable to receive gifts on a regular basis or of any significant value.
- 8.2 Personal gifts must not be given to pupils. This could be misinterpreted as a gesture either to bribe, or single out the young person. It might be perceived that a 'favour' of some kind is expected in return. Any reward given to a pupil should be consistent with the school's behaviour or rewards policy, recorded, and not based on favouritism.
- 8.3 The Celtic Cross Education Church of England Multi Academy Trust has a Gifts and Hospitality Policy<sup>3</sup> which states:

The following examples of gifts / hospitality require approval and are to be formally recorded by the Director of Finance in the Register of Gifts and Hospitality:

- Attendance as a non-paying guest of a commercial organisation or individual at a non-work related cultural or sporting event (at a value of more than £25).
- Promotional gifts worth more than £25.
- Other offers of gifts/hospitality not falling into any of the above categories.

Staff are expected to disclose gifts, in line with the Trust Policy, which are added to a register. The register is reviewed and signed termly by the chair of the resources committee.

## **9 Social Contact and Social Networking**

- 9.1 Communication between pupils and adults, by whatever method, should take place within clear and explicit professional boundaries. This includes the wider use of technology such as mobile phones, text messaging, emails, digital cameras, videos, web-cams, websites and blogs. Staff and volunteers should not share any personal information with pupils. They should not request, or respond to, any personal information from the child/young person, other than that which might be appropriate as part of their professional role. If a pupil seeks to establish social contact, or if this occurs coincidentally, the adult should exercise his or her professional judgment in making a response and should ensure that all communications are transparent and open to scrutiny.
- 9.2 Staff and volunteers must not give their personal contact details such as home/mobile phone number; home or personal e-mail address or social networking details to pupils unless the need to do so is agreed in writing with senior management.
- 9.3 It is recommended that staff ensure that all possible privacy settings are activated to prevent pupils from making contact on personal profiles and to prevent students from accessing photo albums or other personal information which may appear on social networking sites.
- 9.4 Staff must not have any pupils or any ex-pupils under the age of 18 as friends on their social networking sites. Staff are advised not to have any online friendships with any young people under the age of 18, unless they are family members or close family friends. Staff

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<sup>3</sup> Gifts and Hospitality Policy and register – available from SharePoint. Register stored at Unit 15.

are advised not to have online friendships with parents or carers of pupils, or members of the School Monitoring Council or Board of Directors. Where such on-line friendships exist, staff must ensure that appropriate professional boundaries are maintained.

- 9.5 Staff are personally responsible for what they communicate in social media and must bear in mind that what is published might be read by pupils, the general public, future employers and friends and family for a long time. Staff must ensure that their on-line profiles are consistent with the professional image expected by us and should not post material which damages the reputation of the school or which causes concern about their suitability to work with children and young people. Those who post material which may be considered as inappropriate could render themselves vulnerable to criticism or allegations of misconduct which may be dealt with under the school's disciplinary procedure. Even where it is made clear that the writer's views on such topics do not represent those of the Celtic Cross Education Church of England Multi Academy Trust, such comments are inappropriate. Staff must also abide by the Social Media Policy.

## **10 Physical Contact and Personal Privacy**

- 10.1 There are occasions when it is entirely appropriate and proper for staff to have physical contact with pupils, but it is crucial that they only do so in ways appropriate to their professional role. When physical contact is made with pupils this should be in response to their needs at the time, of limited duration and appropriate given their age, stage of development, gender, ethnicity, culture and background. It is not possible to be specific about the appropriateness of each physical contact, since an action that is appropriate with one pupil in one set of circumstances may be inappropriate in another, or with a different pupil.
- 10.2 Physical contact should never be secretive or casual, or for the gratification of the adult, or represent a misuse of authority. If a member of staff or volunteer believes that an action could be misinterpreted, the incident and circumstances should be reported as soon as possible.
- 10.3 Physical contact, which occurs regularly with a pupil or pupils, is likely to raise questions unless the justification for this is part of a formally agreed plan (for example in relation to pupils with SEN or physical disabilities). Any such contact should be the subject of an agreed and open school policy and subject to review. Where feasible, staff should seek the pupil's permission before initiating contact. Staff should listen, observe and take note of the pupil's reaction or feelings and – so far as is possible – use a level of contact which is acceptable to the pupil for the minimum time necessary.
- 10.4 There may be occasions when a distressed pupil needs comfort and reassurance. This may include age-appropriate physical contact. Staff should remain self-aware at all times in order that their contact is not threatening, intrusive or subject to misinterpretation.
- 10.5 Where a member of staff has a particular concern about the need to provide this type of care and reassurance they should seek further advice from a senior manager.
- 10.6 Some staff, for example, those who teach PE and games, or who provide music tuition will on occasions have to initiate physical contact with pupils in order to support a pupil, so they can perform a task safely, to demonstrate the use of a particular piece of equipment/instrument or assist them with an exercise. This should be done with the pupil's agreement. Contact under these circumstances should be for the minimum time necessary to complete the activity and take place in an open environment. Staff should remain sensitive to any discomfort expressed verbally or non-verbally by the pupil
- 10.7 Pupils are entitled to respect and privacy when changing clothes or taking a shower. However, there needs to be an appropriate level of supervision in order to safeguard pupils,

satisfy health and safety considerations and ensure that bullying or teasing does not occur. This supervision should be appropriate to the needs and age of the pupils concerned and sensitive to the potential for embarrassment.

- 10.8 Staff with a job description which includes intimate care duties will have appropriate training and written guidance. No other member of staff or volunteer should be involved in intimate care duties except in an emergency.

## **11 Behaviour Management and Physical Intervention**

- 11.1 All pupils have a right to be treated with respect and dignity. Corporal punishment is unlawful in all schools. Staff and volunteers must not use any form of degrading treatment to punish a pupil. The use of sarcasm, demeaning or insensitive comments towards pupils is not acceptable in any situation. Deliberately intimidating pupils by shouting aggressively, hectoring or overbearing physical presence is not acceptable in any situation. Any sanctions or rewards used should be part of the Behaviour Management policy.
- 11.2 Physical intervention can only be justified in exceptional circumstances. Non-statutory guidance is available from the Department for Education website. See 'Guide for Heads and School Staff on behaviour and discipline (including reasonable force) for maintained schools' and 'Use of reasonable force - advice for Head Teachers, Staff and Governing Bodies for all Schools and Academies. See Appendix. Staff may legitimately intervene to prevent a pupil from committing a criminal offence, injuring themselves or others, causing damage to property, engaging in behaviour prejudicial to good order and to maintain good order and discipline. Staff should have regard to the health and safety of themselves and others. Under no circumstances should physical force be used as a form of punishment. The use of unwarranted physical force is likely to constitute a criminal offence. The schools in the Trust use Team Teach as a strategy and only trained staff will be used to undertake this as a restraint strategy. Records will be updated following Team Teach intervention and supervision offered to staff.
- 11.3 All schools must have trained first aiders/appointed persons. Staff must have had the appropriate training before administering first aid or medication except in an emergency.

## **12 One to One Situations and Meetings with Pupils**

- 12.1 One to one situations have the potential to make children/young persons more vulnerable to harm by those who seek to exploit their position of trust. Adults working in one to one settings with pupils may also be more vulnerable to unjust or unfounded allegations being made against them. Staff must recognise this possibility and plan and conduct such meetings accordingly. Every attempt should be made to ensure that the safety and security needs of both staff and pupils are met. Managers should undertake a risk assessment in relation to the specific nature and implications of one to one work for each worker and pupil. Where such a meeting is demonstrably unavoidable, it is advisable to avoid remote or secluded areas of the school and to ensure that the door of the room is left open and/or visual/auditory contact with others is maintained. Any arrangements should be reviewed on a regular basis.
- 12.2 Pre-arranged meetings with pupils away from the school premises or on the school site when the school is not in session are not permitted unless written approval is obtained from their parent/ guardian and the head teacher or other senior colleague with delegated authority.
- 12.3 No child or young person should be in or invited into, the home of an adult who works with them, unless the reason for this has been established and agreed with parents/carers and a senior manager/CEO.



- 12.4 Where it is deemed appropriate for a child to meet with a staff member via video link, for instances such as Trauma Informed practices, parental consent should be gained and relevant risk assessments undertake.

### **13 Transporting Pupils**

- 13.1 In certain situations, e.g. out of school activities, staff, directors, governors or volunteers may agree to transport pupils. Transport arrangements should be made in advance by a designated member of staff. Wherever possible and practicable transport should be provided other than in private vehicles, with at least one adult additional to the driver acting as an escort. Where staff or volunteer vehicles are used, the individual should be in receipt of business insurance to cover the journey and all documentation seen and forms completed for volunteer drivers. Volunteers and Volunteer driver policy can be found on sharepoint.
- 13.2 Adults should ensure that their behaviour is safe and that the transport arrangements and the vehicle meet all legal requirements. They must ensure that the vehicle is roadworthy and appropriately insured and that the maximum capacity is not exceeded
- 13.3 It is inappropriate for staff to offer lifts to a pupil outside their normal working duties, unless this has been brought to the attention of the line manager and has been agreed with parents/carers.
- 13.4 There may be occasions where a pupil requires transport in an emergency situation or where not to give a lift may place a pupil at risk. Such circumstances must always be recorded and reported to a senior manager and parents/carers.

### **14 Educational Visits and School Clubs**

- 14.1 Staff and volunteers should take particular care when supervising pupils in the less formal atmosphere of an educational visit, particularly in a residential setting, or after-school activity. Staff and volunteers remain in a position of trust and the same standards of conduct apply. Please refer to the Trust's policy on educational visits<sup>4</sup>.

### **15 Curriculum**

- 15.1 Many areas of the curriculum can include, or raise subject matter, which is sexually explicit, or of an otherwise sensitive nature. Care should be taken to ensure that resource materials cannot be misinterpreted and clearly relate to the learning outcomes identified by the lesson plan. This plan should highlight particular areas of risk and sensitivity.
- 15.2 The curriculum can sometimes include or lead to unplanned discussion about subject matter of a sexually explicit or otherwise sensitive nature. Responding to pupils' questions can require careful judgement and staff must take guidance in these circumstances from a senior member of staff. Staff and volunteers must not enter into or encourage inappropriate discussion about sexual activity or behaviour.
- 15.3 Please refer to the school policy on relationships and sex education (RSE).

### **16 Photography, Videos and other Creative Arts**

- 16.1 Please refer to the Trust's policy on Digital Safeguarding.

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<sup>4</sup> Educational Visits Policy- requested at school level

- 16.2 Many school activities involve the taking or recording of images. This may be undertaken as part of the curriculum, extra school activities, for publicity, or to celebrate achievement. The General Data Protection Regulation affects the use of photography. An image of a child is personal data and it is, therefore, a requirement under the regulation that consent is obtained from the parent of a child before any images are made such as those used for school web sites, social media, notice boards, productions or other purposes.
- 16.3 Staff need to be aware of the potential for such images to be misused to create indecent images of children and/or for 'grooming' purposes. Careful consideration should be given as to how these activities are organised and undertaken. There should be an agreement as to whether the images will be destroyed or retained for further use, where these will be stored and who will have access to them.
- 16.4 Staff should remain sensitive to any pupil who appears uncomfortable and should recognise the potential for misinterpretation. It is also important to take into account the wishes of the child, remembering that some children do not wish to have their photograph taken.
- 16.5 Adults should only use equipment provided or authorised by the school to make/take images and should not use mobile telephones or any other similar devices to make/take images.
- 16.6 The following guidance must be followed:
- if a photograph is used, avoid naming the pupil
  - if the pupil is named, avoid using the photograph
  - photographs/images must be securely stored and used only by those authorised to do so.
  - be clear about the purpose of the activity and about what will happen to the photographs/images when the lesson/activity is concluded
  - ensure that a senior member of staff is aware that the photography/image equipment is being used and for what purpose.
  - ensure that all photographs/images are available for scrutiny in order to screen for acceptability
  - be able to justify the photographs/images made
  - do not take photographs in one to one situations.
  - do not take, display or distribute photographs/images of pupils unless there is consent to do so.
  - Where public performances take place (school performances, for example)- parents/carers will be advised that video/photography can be taken for personal use only and, under no circumstances, should be uploaded to social media

## **17 Whistleblowing and Cyber-Bullying**

- 17.1 Staff who have concerns about any alleged abuse or inappropriate use of ICT resources, virtual learning environments, camera/recording equipment, telephony, social networking sites, email or internet facilities or inappropriate communications, whether by pupils, parents, carers or staff, or others should alert the school's Designated Safeguarding Lead. Where a concern relates to a Head of School, this should be reported to CEO.

For those who 'whistleblow', concerns should be raised with:

Clare Kendle – [Clare.Kendle@celticcross.education](mailto:Clare.Kendle@celticcross.education)  
or Sarah Parekh – [Sarah.Parekh@celticcross.education](mailto:Sarah.Parekh@celticcross.education)

17.2 Cyber-bullying can be experienced by staff as well as pupils. Staff should notify their Head of School if they are subject to cyber-bullying. The Trust will endeavour to protect staff and stop any inappropriate conduct.

17.3 Celtic Cross Education Church of England Multi Academy Trust has a Digital Safeguarding Policy.

## **18 Unacceptable Use of ICT Facilities and Monitoring**

18.1 Posting, creating, accessing, transmitting, downloading, uploading or storing any of the following material (unless it is part of an authorised investigation) is likely to amount to gross misconduct and result in summary dismissal (this list is not exhaustive):

- a) pornographic or sexually suggestive material or images of children or adults which may be construed as such in the circumstances (that is, writing, texting, pictures, films and video clips of a sexually explicit or arousing nature),
- b) any other type of offensive, obscene or discriminatory material or criminal material or material which is liable to cause distress or embarrassment to the Trust or others.

18.2 The contents of our ICT resources and communications systems are our property. Therefore, staff should have no expectation of privacy in any message, files, data, document, facsimile, telephone conversation, social media post, conversation or message, or any other kind of information or communications transmitted to, received or printed from, or stored or recorded on our electronic information and communications systems.

18.3 We reserve the right to monitor, intercept and review, without further notice, staff usage of our IT resources and communications systems, including but not limited to telephone, e-mail, messaging, voicemail, CCTV, internet and social media postings and activities, to ensure that our rules are being complied with and for the following purposes:

- a) to monitor whether the use of the e-mail system or the internet is legitimate and in accordance with this code:
- b) to assist in the investigation of alleged wrongful acts; or
- c) to comply with any legal obligation
- d) If you intend to bring your own equipment / materials into school for use by yourself or others, you must ensure that they are safe and suitable for use in a school. If you are not sure, you need to contact the Head of School or the School Administrator. In particular, you must ensure that any mains electrical equipment brought onto site has been portable appliance tested and is used with a residual current device.

18.4 Staff consent to monitoring by acknowledgement of this code and the use of our resources and systems. We may store copies of data or communications for a period of time after they are created and may delete such copies from time to time without notice. If necessary information may be handed to the police in connection with a criminal investigation.

18.5 Celtic Cross Education Church of England Multi Academy Trust has an Acceptable Use Policy for Staff and Volunteers which ALL staff and volunteers must sign<sup>5</sup>.

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<sup>5</sup> Acceptable Use policy available on SharePoint

- 18.6 Celtic Cross Education Church of England Multi Academy Trust has an Acceptable Use Policy for Parents/Carers which must be signed and returned to the schools to give permission for the child to access the internet at school<sup>6</sup>.

## 19 Reporting Concerns and Recording Incidents

- 19.1 All staff, directors, governors and volunteers must report concerns and incidents in accordance with the guidance set out in [Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE](#) the Child Protection Procedures for school staff and the Trust whistleblowing policy. The following is a non-exhaustive list of behaviours which would be a cause for concern:

An adult who:

- Allows a pupil/young person to be treated badly; pretends not to know it is happening
- Gossips/shares information inappropriately
- Demonstrates inappropriate discriminatory behaviour and/or uses inappropriate language
- Dresses in a way which is inappropriate for the job role
- Does not treat pupils fairly - demonstrates favouritism
- Demonstrates a lack of understanding about personal and professional boundaries
- Uses their position of trust to intimidate, threaten, coerce or undermine
- Appears to have an inappropriate social relationship with a pupil or pupils
- Appears to have special or different relationships with a pupil or pupils
- Seems to seek out unnecessary opportunities to be alone with a pupil

### 19.2 Health and Safety

- 19.3 All employees must ensure that they:

- Familiarise themselves with the Health and Safety statements produced by Celtic Cross Education.
- Read and understand the Celtic Cross Education Health and Safety Policies.
- Comply with Health and Safety Regulations and use any safety equipment and protective clothing which is supplied to you by the Celtic Cross Education MAT.
- Comply with any hygiene requirements
- Comply with any accident reporting requirements
- Never act in a way which might cause risk or damage to any other members of the Celtic Cross Education community or visitors.
- Inform their line manager of any paid work undertaken elsewhere. This is to comply with the Working Time Regulations, which are a Health and Safety initiative.

### 19.4 Tackling discrimination

Employees are required to understand the types of discrimination and bullying that children and colleagues may be subject to. Employees are required to have read and understood our anti bullying policies.

Employees must not ignore any form of discrimination. This includes inappropriate jokes and banter. Employees must positively promote equality and diversity and inclusion at all times.

### Keeping within the law

Staff are expected to operate within the law. Unlawful or criminal behaviour, at work or outside work, may lead to disciplinary action, including dismissal, being taken. However, being investigated by the police, receiving a caution or being charged will not automatically

mean that an employee's employment is at risk.

Employees must ensure that they:

- Uphold the law at work
- Never commit a crime away from work which could damage public confidence in them or the trust, or which makes them unsuitable for the work they do. This includes, for example:
  - submitting false or fraudulent claims to public bodies (for example, income support, housing or other benefit claims)
  - breaching copyright on computer software or published documents
  - sexual offences which will render them unfit to work with children or vulnerable adults
  - crimes of dishonesty which render them unfit to hold a position of trust.
- Individuals should write and tell the CEO and Head of the School immediately if they are questioned by the police, charged with, or convicted of, any crime whilst they are employed at the trust (this includes outside of their working hours). The CEO and/or the Board of Directors will then need to consider whether this charge or conviction damages public confidence in the trust or makes the employee unsuitable to carry out their duties.

## **20. Signing in & mobile phone policy**

All staff are required to sign in when arriving at and departing from the school. If you are carrying a mobile phone, you may be asked to leave your phone in the office. Mobile phones may only be kept on your person with special permission from the Head of School.

## **APPENDIX ONE**

DfE Behaviour and discipline in schools – Advice for headteachers and school staff. January 2016.

## **APPENDIX TWO**

DfE Use of reasonable force – Advice for headteachers, staff and governing bodies. July 2013.